The Bishop Harvey Goodwin School – CURRICULUM MAPPING

Key Stage Two | Aims

The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure that all pupils:

- > understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources
- > speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation
- > can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of grammatical structures that they have learnt
- > discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied.

Pupils should be taught to:

- ▶ listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding ②
- > explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words 2
- > engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help* 2
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- > develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and
- present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*
- > read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- > broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
- > write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing 2 Languages key stage 2
- understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	AUTUMN	AUTUMN	AUTUMN	AUTUMN
	Rigolo 1	Rigolo 1	Rigolo 2	Rigolo 2
	Unit 1 - bonjour	Unit 7 – Encore	Unit 1 – Salut, Gustave!	Unit 7 – Le week-end
	Unit 2 - en classe	Unit 8 – Quelle heure est il?	Unit 2 – A l'ecole	Unit 8 – Les vetements
	Spring	Spring	Spring	Spring
	Rigolo 1	Rigolo 1	Rigolo 2	Rigolo 2
	Unit 3 -mon corps	Unit 9 - Les Fetes	Unit 3 – La Nourriture	Unit 9 – Ma journee
	Unit 4-les animaux	Unit 10 – Ou vas-tu	Unit 4 – En ville	Unit 10 – Les transport
	Summer	Summer	Summer	Summer
	Rigolo 1	Rigolo 1	Rigolo 2	Rigolo 2
	Unit 5-Ma familie	Unit 11 – On mange!	Unit 5 – En vacances	Unit 11 – Le sport
	Unit 6-Bon anniversaire	Unit 12 – Le cirque	Unit 6 – Chez moi	Unit 12 – On va faire la fete!